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(Original Signature of Member)

116TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

**H. RES.** \_\_\_\_\_

Recognizing the duty of the Federal Government to create a Green New Deal.

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IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on \_\_\_\_\_

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**RESOLUTION**

Recognizing the duty of the Federal Government to create a Green New Deal.

Whereas the October 2018 report entitled “Special Report on Global Warming of 1.5 °C” by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change and the November 2018 Fourth National Climate Assessment report found that—

- (1) human activity is the dominant cause of observed climate change over the past century;
- (2) a changing climate is causing sea levels to rise and an increase in wildfires, severe storms, droughts, and other extreme weather events that threaten human life, healthy communities, and critical infrastructure;

(3) global warming at or above 2 degrees Celsius beyond preindustrialized levels will cause—

(A) mass migration from the regions most affected by climate change;

(B) more than \$500,000,000,000 in lost annual economic output in the United States by the year 2100;

(C) wildfires that, by 2050, will annually burn at least twice as much forest area in the western United States than was typically burned by wildfires in the years preceding 2019;

(D) a loss of more than 99 percent of all coral reefs on Earth;

(E) more than 350,000,000 more people to be exposed globally to deadly heat stress by 2050; and

(F) a risk of damage to \$1,000,000,000,000 of public infrastructure and coastal real estate in the United States; and

(4) global temperatures must be kept below 1.5 degrees Celsius above preindustrialized levels to avoid the most severe impacts of a changing climate, which will require—

(A) global reductions in greenhouse gas emissions from human sources of 40 to 60 percent from 2010 levels by 2030; and

(B) net-zero global emissions by 2050;

Whereas, because the United States has historically been responsible for a disproportionate amount of greenhouse gas emissions, having emitted 20 percent of global greenhouse gas emissions through 2014, and has a high technological capacity, the United States must take a leading role in reducing emissions through economic transformation;

Whereas the United States is currently experiencing several related crises, with—

(1) life expectancy declining while basic needs, such as clean air, clean water, healthy food, and adequate health care, housing, transportation, and education, are inaccessible to a significant portion of the United States population;

(2) a 4-decade trend of wage stagnation, deindustrialization, and antilabor policies that has led to—

(A) hourly wages overall stagnating since the 1970s despite increased worker productivity;

(B) the third-worst level of socioeconomic mobility in the developed world before the Great Recession;

(C) the erosion of the earning and bargaining power of workers in the United States; and

(D) inadequate resources for public sector workers to confront the challenges of climate change at local, State, and Federal levels; and

(3) the greatest income inequality since the 1920s, with—

(A) the top 1 percent of earners accruing 91 percent of gains in the first few years of economic recovery after the Great Recession;

(B) a large racial wealth divide amounting to a difference of 20 times more wealth between the average white family and the average black family; and

(C) a gender earnings gap that results in women earning approximately 80 percent as much as men, at the median;

Whereas climate change, pollution, and environmental destruction have exacerbated systemic racial, regional, so-

cial, environmental, and economic injustices (referred to in this preamble as “systemic injustices”) by disproportionately affecting indigenous peoples, communities of color, migrant communities, deindustrialized communities, depopulated rural communities, the poor, low-income workers, women, the elderly, the unhoused, people with disabilities, and youth (referred to in this preamble as “frontline and vulnerable communities”);

Whereas, climate change constitutes a direct threat to the national security of the United States—

- (1) by impacting the economic, environmental, and social stability of countries and communities around the world; and
- (2) by acting as a threat multiplier;

Whereas the Federal Government-led mobilizations during World War II and the New Deal created the greatest middle class that the United States has ever seen, but many members of frontline and vulnerable communities were excluded from many of the economic and societal benefits of those mobilizations; and

Whereas the House of Representatives recognizes that a new national, social, industrial, and economic mobilization on a scale not seen since World War II and the New Deal era is a historic opportunity—

- (1) to create millions of good, high-wage jobs in the United States;
- (2) to provide unprecedented levels of prosperity and economic security for all people of the United States; and
- (3) to counteract systemic injustices: Now, therefore, be it

1       *Resolved*, That it is the sense of the House of Rep-  
2 resentatives that—

3                     (1) it is the duty of the Federal Government to  
4                     create a Green New Deal—

5                         (A) to achieve net-zero greenhouse gas  
6                     emissions through a fair and just transition for  
7                     all communities and workers;

8                         (B) to create millions of good, high-wage  
9                     jobs and ensure prosperity and economic secu-  
10                     rity for all people of the United States;

11                         (C) to invest in the infrastructure and in-  
12                     dustry of the United States to sustainably meet  
13                     the challenges of the 21st century;

14                         (D) to secure for all people of the United  
15                     States for generations to come—

16                             (i) clean air and water;

17                             (ii) climate and community resiliency;

18                             (iii) healthy food;

19                             (iv) access to nature; and

20                             (v) a sustainable environment; and

21                         (E) to promote justice and equity by stop-  
22                     ping current, preventing future, and repairing  
23                     historic oppression of indigenous peoples, com-  
24                     munities of color, migrant communities,  
25                     deindustrialized communities, depopulated rural

1           communities, the poor, low-income workers,  
2           women, the elderly, the unhoused, people with  
3           disabilities, and youth (referred to in this reso-  
4           lution as “frontline and vulnerable commu-  
5           nities”);

6           (2) the goals described in subparagraphs (A)  
7           through (E) of paragraph (1) (referred to in this  
8           resolution as the “Green New Deal goals”) should  
9           be accomplished through a 10-year national mobili-  
10          zation (referred to in this resolution as the “Green  
11          New Deal mobilization”) that will require the fol-  
12          lowing goals and projects—

13                 (A) building resiliency against climate  
14                 change-related disasters, such as extreme  
15                 weather, including by leveraging funding and  
16                 providing investments for community-defined  
17                 projects and strategies;

18                 (B) repairing and upgrading the infra-  
19                 structure in the United States, including—

20                         (i) by eliminating pollution and green-  
21                         house gas emissions as much as techno-  
22                         logically feasible;

23                         (ii) by guaranteeing universal access  
24                         to clean water;

(iii) by reducing the risks posed by climate impacts; and

10 (i) by dramatically expanding and up-  
11 grading renewable power sources; and

(ii) by deploying new capacity;

13 (D) building or upgrading to energy-efficient,  
14 distributed, and “smart” power grids,  
15 and ensuring affordable access to electricity;

16 (E) upgrading all existing buildings in the  
17 United States and building new buildings to  
18 achieve maximum energy efficiency, water effi-  
19 ciency, safety, affordability, comfort, and dura-  
20 bility, including through electrification;

21 (F) spurring massive growth in clean man-  
22 ufacturing in the United States and removing  
23 pollution and greenhouse gas emissions from  
24 manufacturing and industry as much as is tech-  
25 nologically feasible, including by expanding re-

1           newable energy manufacturing and investing in  
2           existing manufacturing and industry;

3               (G) working collaboratively with farmers  
4           and ranchers in the United States to remove  
5           pollution and greenhouse gas emissions from  
6           the agricultural sector as much as is technolo-  
7           logically feasible, including—

8                   (i) by supporting family farming;  
9                   (ii) by investing in sustainable farm-  
10           ing and land use practices that increase  
11           soil health; and

12                   (iii) by building a more sustainable  
13           food system that ensures universal access  
14           to healthy food;

15               (H) overhauling transportation systems in  
16           the United States to remove pollution and  
17           greenhouse gas emissions from the transpor-  
18           tation sector as much as is technologically fea-  
19           sible, including through investment in—

20                   (i) zero-emission vehicle infrastructure  
21           and manufacturing;

22                   (ii) clean, affordable, and accessible  
23           public transit; and

24                   (iii) high-speed rail;

(J) removing greenhouse gases from the atmosphere and reducing pollution by restoring natural ecosystems through proven low-tech solutions that increase soil carbon storage, such as land preservation and afforestation;

11 (K) restoring and protecting threatened,  
12 endangered, and fragile ecosystems through lo-  
13 cally appropriate and science-based projects  
14 that enhance biodiversity and support climate  
15 resiliency;

16 (L) cleaning up existing hazardous waste  
17 and abandoned sites, ensuring economic devel-  
18 opment and sustainability on those sites;

(M) identifying other emission and pollution sources and creating solutions to remove them; and

22 (N) promoting the international exchange  
23 of technology, expertise, products, funding, and  
24 services, with the aim of making the United  
25 States the international leader on climate ac-

1           tion, and to help other countries achieve a  
2           Green New Deal;

3           (3) a Green New Deal must be developed  
4           through transparent and inclusive consultation, col-  
5           laboration, and partnership with frontline and vul-  
6           nerable communities, labor unions, worker coopera-  
7           tives, civil society groups, academia, and businesses;  
8           and

9           (4) to achieve the Green New Deal goals and  
10          mobilization, a Green New Deal will require the fol-  
11          lowing goals and projects—

12           (A) providing and leveraging, in a way that  
13          ensures that the public receives appropriate  
14          ownership stakes and returns on investment,  
15          adequate capital (including through community  
16          grants, public banks, and other public financ-  
17          ing), technical expertise, supporting policies,  
18          and other forms of assistance to communities,  
19          organizations, Federal, State, and local govern-  
20          ment agencies, and businesses working on the  
21          Green New Deal mobilization;

22           (B) ensuring that the Federal Government  
23          takes into account the complete environmental  
24          and social costs and impacts of emissions  
25          through—

6 (C) providing resources, training, and  
7 high-quality education, including higher edu-  
8 cation, to all people of the United States, with  
9 a focus on frontline and vulnerable commu-  
10 nities, so that all people of the United States  
11 may be full and equal participants in the Green  
12 New Deal mobilization;

13 (D) making public investments in the re-  
14 search and development of new clean and re-  
15 newable energy technologies and industries;

16 (E) directing investments to spur economic  
17 development, deepen and diversify industry and  
18 business in local and regional economies, and  
19 build wealth and community ownership, while  
20 prioritizing high-quality job creation and eco-  
21 nomic, social, and environmental benefits in  
22 frontline and vulnerable communities, and  
23 deindustrialized communities, that may other-  
24 wise struggle with the transition away from  
25 greenhouse gas intensive industries;

(G) ensuring that the Green New Deal mobilization creates high-quality union jobs that pay prevailing wages, hires local workers, offers training and advancement opportunities, and guarantees wage and benefit parity for workers affected by the transition;

12 (H) guaranteeing a job with a family-sus-  
13 taining wage, adequate family and medical  
14 leave, paid vacations, and retirement security to  
15 all people of the United States;

(J) strengthening and enforcing labor, workplace health and safety, antidiscrimination, and wage and hour standards across all employers, industries, and sectors;

24 (K) enacting and enforcing trade rules,  
25 procurement standards, and border adjustments

with strong labor and environmental protections—

(ii) to grow domestic manufacturing  
in the United States;

(M) obtaining the free, prior, and informed consent of indigenous peoples for all decisions that affect indigenous peoples and their traditional territories, honoring all treaties and agreements with indigenous peoples, and protecting and enforcing the sovereignty and land rights of indigenous peoples;

17 (N) ensuring a commercial environment  
18 where every businessperson is free from unfair  
19 competition and domination by domestic or  
20 international monopolies; and

23 (i) high-quality health care;

24 (ii) affordable, safe, and adequate  
25 housing:

